# Thanet Astronomy Group 

## Astronomy for Everyone in Plain English

## What to see December 29 ${ }^{\text {th }}$

Constellation (Orion) Stars (Betelguese, Bellatrix, Alnitak, Alnilam, Mintaka, Rigel, Saiph,)
Asterism (The Winter Triangle) Stars (Betelguese, Sirius, Procyon)
November to March the constellation Orion the Hunter is at its best. There are some 20 prominent stars in this constellation. The brightest and more easily observed stars are the 8 in the main body. The other stars form Orion's right arm with club, and a slain animal in his left hand. These stars are dimmer and difficult to see due to light pollution.

## At 8:00pm

Looking South East at $119^{\circ}$ up to $30^{\circ}$ you see the star Betelguese, the top left corner of Orion, a red super giant, more than $11 / 2$ billion kms in diameter.

Look at $127^{\circ}$ up to $33^{\circ}$ you see the star Bellatrix, the top right corner of Orion, at $81 / 2$ million kms in diameter.
Look at $128^{\circ}$ down to $24^{\circ}$ you see Alnitak, the first of three stars side by side, forming Orion's belt. Alnitak, Alnilam (at $128^{\circ} 25^{\circ}$ ) and Mintaka (at $129^{\circ} 26^{\circ}$ ). Probably one of the more easily recognised groups of stars in this area of sky.

Look at $137^{\circ}$ down to $21^{\circ}$ you see the star Rigel, the bottom right corner of Orion. A blue/white super giant, 108 million kms in diameter.

Look at $130^{\circ}$ down to $16^{\circ}$ you see the star Saiph the bottom left corner of Orion, nearly 31 million kms in diameter.


Orion Stars


Orion the Hunter

In August I wrote about The Summer Triangle. Now that the star Sirius has appeared above the horizon it's time to mention 'The Winter Triangle'. This is not a constellation, but a name given to three stars that form a near perfect triangle.

Starting with Betelguese, (at $119^{\circ} 30^{\circ}$ ) as above.
Look at $122^{\circ}$ and only $3^{\circ}$ above the horizon, you see Sirius, the second star. Sirius or (The Dog Star) is the brightest star in the sky and is $21 / 2$ million kms wide. It is the main star of the constellation Canis Major and part of a trinary system, (three stars locked in orbit with each other).

Look at $98^{\circ}$ up to $13^{\circ}$ and you see the third star Procyon also in Canis Minor, about twice the diameter of our Sun.


The Winter Triangle

## Contact us if you need help or more information.

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